## FPE Manifesto - Towards a sustainable and competitive European fibre-based packaging value chain

Fibre Packaging Europe (FPE) is a coalition of 7 trade associations along the fibre packaging value chain in Europe:



1.500 companies



365.000 people



2.200 manufacturing plants



EUR 120 billion annual turnover















## The importance of fibre-based packaging in our society



Wood fibres are a renewable and strong packaging material. Fibrebased packaging is recyclable and sustainable. Grown and recycled in Europe, wood fibres are the basis for a resilient EU bioeconomy.



Packaging's role is to **protect** products by ensuring a safe transport, while safeguarding functionality and maintaining their quality and safety.



Packaging contributes to combating food waste by protecting food, providing longer shelf life and traceability.1

Europe's forest-based sector absorbs 20% of EU greenhouse gas emissions.<sup>2</sup>

We are committed to continue enhancing our guidelines and processes to remain the most sustainable packaging solution for Europe.

## FPE key policy recommendations:



Promote the role of European bio-based raw materials for a competitive EU

Switching from fossil-based to fibrepackaging offers significant reduction emission potential, estimated at<sup>3</sup>

- 66 to 111 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> by 2050





In the past 30 years, Europe's forest area increased by 9%, while 'forest volume' increased 50%. bv forest management Sustainable has contributed to that.



90%

of wood used by Europe's pulp and paper industry originates from EU forests.5

- Create a long-term, consistent and supportive regulatory environment for the bio-based products and encourage even enforcement in EU Member States to avoid market distortions.
- Guarantee fair competition for bio-based EU products by ensuring compliance of imported products in the EU
- 🕏 Leveraging industrial know-how in rule setting to foster European competitiveness and facilitate implementation.
- To start the shift from fossil carbon to renewable carbon sources and foster an innovative bioeconomy, consistently introduce the term "renewable carbon", based on the existing standards, in the follow-up to the 2040 Climate Target Communication and the work on Carbon Removal Certification.
- 1 UN Food Waste Index Report 2024, showing that 1.05 billion tonnes of food was wasted worldwide in 2022. This underscores the urgency for effective solutions to combat food waste.
- Climate effects of the forest-based sector in the European Union: https://www.cepi.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/Cepi\_-study.pdf
- AFRY external report "Substitution potential and climate impact in the EU forest value chain"
- Forest Europe, State of European Forests 2020 Report
- 5 European statistics, Cepi. European Pulp & Paper Industry Key Statistics 2023



## Ensure a regulatory framework that recognises the circularity of the paper value chain

Fibre-based packaging is circular with an 82.5% recycling rate, while maintaining the fibre in the paper loop.

82.5%
74.8% 74.9%
39.7%
32.2%
Paper & Plastic Wooden Metallic Glass



of paper-based packaging is made from **recycled raw materials:**<sup>7</sup>

**35.7 Mt** out of **46.2 Mt** in Europe in 2023.<sup>8</sup>

We consider the **entire life cycle of packaging** and our packaging:

- is designed based on Recycling Guidelines<sup>9</sup>
- uses bio-based materials
- is mostly sourced in Europe
- is recycled in Europe



- Involve the fibre-based packaging value chain in legislative work on the Waste Framework Directive and the Packaging and Packaging Waste Regulation to effectively implement sustainable circular practices.
- Support initiatives to introduce national mandatory separate collection targets in all EU Member States, in line with the EU framework to unlock the full potential of paper recycling.
- Implement the waste hierarchy in a meanful way by recognising the value of recycling in achieving the best environmental outcome.
- Promote a circular economy by ensuring a regulatory framework (including a Waste Framework Directive) that acknowledges the significance of secondary raw materials.
- Prioritise Research and Innovation for efficient packaging design via European funds and programs.



Recognise the role of fibre-based packaging in ensuring food safety and reducing food waste

The **role of packaging** is to ensure that food reaching consumers is safe.



Manufacturers and suppliers of food contact paper and board have developed <u>Food</u> <u>Contact Guidelines</u> to ensure the highest level of safety of food packaging.<sup>10</sup>



- Create harmonised measures for fibre-based food contact materials when revising the Food Contact Materials Regulation. This is crucial to create a level playing field for more sustainable bio-based alternative materials.
- Define rules for safe fibre-based food contact materials to develop an appropriate framework for materials derived from natural sources.
- Ensure the recognition of innovative packaging to reduce food waste by increasing shelf-life and by enabling the resilience of the EU supply chain.





Contributes to a resilient European bioeconomy



Is recycled in the paper loop



Reduces food waste and ensures food safety

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  Eurostat data on Recycling rates for packaging waste in EU27, 2021

 $<sup>^7</sup>$  European statistics, Cepi. European Pulp & Paper Industry Key Statistics 2023

<sup>8</sup> European statistics, Cepi. European Pulp & Paper Industry Key Statistics 2023

<sup>9</sup> Available at: https://4evergreenforum.eu/wp-content/uploads/4evergreen-WS-3-2023-7.12.pdf

<sup>10</sup> Available at: https://www.fefco.org/sites/default/files/Food%20Contact%20Guidelines\_2019\_final%281%29.pdf